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ПРИОРИТЕТЫ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОГО РЕГУЛИРОВАНИЯ В ОБЛАСТИ ФИНАНСИРОВАНИЯ АГРАРНОГО СЕКТОРА

Тезис посвящен политике страны, к реформам, к государственной поддержке и помощи, средств регулирования, приоритетов миссий в аграрном секторе.

Ключевые слова: сельское хозяйство, субсидия, кредит, лизинг, государственная поддержка, государственное регулирование

THE PRIORITIES OF STATE REGULATION IN FINANCING OF AGRARIAN SECTOR

Thesis is dedicated to the country policy, to the reforms, to the state support and care, regulation means, priorities missions in the agrarian sector.

Keywords: agriculture, subsidies, loans, leasing, state support, state regulation.

The state support to the agrarian sector and the regulation and arrange mechanism of increasing volume is one of the very important and actual issues. Experience shows that the expansion of the activities carried out in this area, improving the mechanism of action, as well as ways to improve its economic efficiency is derived from an objective necessity.

Many outlets of state regulation create conditions to countries formation her economy structure and to determine development directions united the world economic relations, at the same time clarify the opportunity to influence the development of relations in the world economy.

Emphasizing the importance of the agricultural sector sources of reserve in all sectors of the economy Great Leader Heydar Aliyev was founder agrarian reforms as known as “Heydar Aliyev’s land reforms” the results of which are now obvious. As part of the country policy several decrees and orders were signed and the high-quality, efficient lands were given to the citizen of the Azerbaijan Republic free – without paying money, without any discrimination. So owner farmers, entrepreneur’s class were formed.

The worthy successor of the Heydar Aliyev’s heritage President Ilham Aliyev always stresses the importance of agriculture for our country, pays attention to the development regions and agrarian sector, fundamental basis

of which was founded by the great leader. As the Mr. President noted, the economic mechanism's elements of the state regulation of agrarian sector have to be coordinated so that the producers have quite financial resources for producing products in this sector and to be created conditions for sustainable and stable development in this sector.

In recent years were adopted several important laws and decisions, were prepared state programs, were signed decrees and orders which is directly affect to the economic activity.

So for the implementations financial support government realize financing from budget by offering preferential terms as low interest loans, subsidies, subventions, favorable leasing and e.g. Our country stimulates the development of the agrarian sector by the State Agency for Rural Crediting and National Fund for Entrepreneurship Support and carried out lending by means of authorized banks and non-banks credit organizations. It is sufficient to note that, only at the expense of the NFES's was given 170436,2 thousand manats in 2015, during the first half of 2016 was given 58734 thousand manats with concessional terms to agricultural sector. Independently enterprise or individual farmer agricultural producers are exempt to all types of tax, excluding land tax, which is other concession to stimulate the development of the agricultural sector. The subsidies and subventions are used to enhance the interests of internal producers as main measures. Previously, subsidies and subventions were given to local producers for the payment of transport expenses. So the local producer which can out world markets, got opportunity out to market lower than the market price or at a price equal to market price. It also increases their competitiveness. But the current time directions subsidies areas were expanded and now it covers wheat, paddy sowing, seed and seedling farms, artificial fermented animals. Currently, it is being prepared the new mechanism of subsidies, new rules to develop cotton form. It should be noted that during the last one year the value of subsidies have been more than five million manats. One of the areas covered by the state support is selling agricultural machinery and technological equipment and breeding animals through leasing on preferential terms to the agricultural sector. To show the level of government support we can say that, according to the conditions farmer who takes leasing must pay 10 percent advance and from the beginning of the next year must pay the remain money, but if the farmer can pay 20 percent advance, 40 percent of equipment is paid by government from the budget. The provision of leasing techniques which cost is 220 million manat is a good example for state support. At the same time the state pursuing anti-dumping policy against low quality products imported from abroad. One of the

main measures is to implement the organise of the insurance. The state carries out insurance from emergency situations and natural disasters to protect and to stimulate the interests of the entities operating in the agricultural sector.

The main direct regulatory mechanisms are adopted in the short and long-term state programs at the state level and defined priority areas for sustainable development at the state level. At a meeting which is dedicated mission on the results of socio-economic development in the first half of 2016 the country's priority issues for the next half-year can be summarized as followings:

- preparation a mechanism for land use;
- restructuring of agriculture and providing the laboratories with the most modern equipment;
- enhance product quality control;
- accurate and transparent statistical registration of agricultural products;
- government regulation;
- improving the level of electronic services and staff training;
- "Agro-Leasing" JSC, through the introduction of techniques and technological equipment;
- improvement of subsidies using the European experience;
- holding the tenders to improve the material and technical basis of the seeding;
- for the development of silkworm mulberry plantations;
- raw material production and processing areas of the agrarian sector development, increasing competitive and export-oriented production, the continuation of measures for self-sufficiency in food production;
- increase financial support to the agricultural sector and measures to promote the development of traditional agricultural areas;
- to improve the technical infrastructure of the agricultural sector, the creation of new structures, which will operate on market principles;
- continue the establishment of logistics centers;
- formation of organic farming and food markets;
- electronic technical registration of land and the creation of farmers' electronic registration system.

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